

YALE UNIVERSITY
BEINECKE RARE BOOK AND MANUSCRIPT
LIBRARY MEDIEVAL AND RENAISSANCE
MANUSCRIPTS

Beinecke MS 481.1

Italy, s. VII^{ex}

Bible, Luke (Vulgate)

f. 1ra //dicebat autem et ... faciem terrae et c'//[li]

Luke 12.54 - 56. The lower portion of the leaf is trimmed with loss of text.

f. 1rb //dico tibi non ... et respondens//

Luke 12.59 - 13.2. The lower portion of the leaf is trimmed with loss of text.

f. 1va //homines habitantes ... et uenit quaerens//

Luke 13.4 - 6. The lower portion of the leaf is trimmed with loss of text.

f. 1vb //et mittam stercora ... decem et octo//

Luke 13.8 - 11. The lower portion of the leaf is trimmed with loss of text.

Parchment. 1 folio. 110 x 216 mm (written space originally ca. 250 x 160 mm). 2 columns. 13 lines remaining of an original ca. 31 lines. Dry-point ruling on the hair side before folding; double vertical bounding lines surround each column.

Written in uncial script, with the minuscule form of e. Lowe dated the script to the late seventh century (CLA 7:16, no. **141, with plate of recto; Lowe saw the fragment while it was in the Zinniker collection in Lucerne). The initials are slightly enlarged and are written on the

inner vertical bounding line; one initial "E" ("Erat"; Luke 13.10) is filled with orange. The Eusebian chapter and canon numbers are added in a lighter ink, but perhaps in the same hand, in the margins. The text is written per cola et commata, and is occasionally punctuated with a punctus, placed medially; a later hand has added a punctus versus after "Non" (Luke 13.5). Nomina sacra ("spm") are abbreviated.

Five other leaves from this manuscript were formerly in the collection of Sir Thomas Phillipps, MS 1329, 1-10 (CLA 2:7, no. 141). Lowe reports the dimensions of the complete leaves formerly in the Phillipps collection as 290 x 215 mm (240 x 160 mm) and the number of lines as 31, and the contents as portions of Matthew, Mark, and John.

Modern notations in pencil identify the text on the recto and verso. The number "IX" is also written in pencil in the upper margin of the recto.

Zinniker 203. The number "3" is written in ink in the upper margin of the recto.

Bibliography:

Shailor, *The Medieval Book*, p. 25, no. 25 (with plate).